

Patient	Name: SAMPLE, PATIENT	Provider	Provider: Ordering Provider	Specimen	Accession No:
	DOB: 01.01.1969		123 Main Street		Requisition No:
	Patient ID:		Anytown, ST 01234		Report Date & Time: 08.01.2017 10:12 AM
	ACC/AHA Risk Score:		Account No:		Received Date & Time: 07.20.2017 9:35 AM
	Patient Info: FAMILY HIST CVD, HYPERTENSION, PARENTAL DIAB				Collection Date & Time: 07.19.2017 09:34 AM

Test Name	Optimal	Borderline	High Risk	Notes	Previous Results
-----------	---------	------------	-----------	-------	------------------

Lipid Tests

Total Cholesterol	184				
	<200	200-240	>240 mg/dL		
Direct LDL-C	93				
	<100	100-160	>160 mg/dL		
HDL-C			32		
	>60	50-60	<50 mg/dL		
Triglycerides			441		
Non-HDL-C	<150	150-200	>200 mg/dL		
		152			
ApoB	<130	130-190	>190 mg/dL		
		101			
LDL-P ¹	<80	80-120	>120 mg/dL		
	930				
sdLDL-C ¹	<1200	1200-1800	>1800 nmol/L		
			48		
%sdLDL-C	<20	20-40	>40 mg/dL		
			52		
VLDL-C	<20	20-30	>30 %		
			59		
Lp(a)	<30	30-40	>40 mg/dL		
	<15				
ApoA-1	<30	30-50	>50 mg/dL		
		152.9			
	>180	140-180	<140 mg/dL		

Lipid Ratios

TC/HDL-C	5.8				
	<4	4-6	>6		
VLDL-C/TG	0.13				
	<0.2	0.2-0.3	>0.3		
ApoB/ApoA-1	0.7				
	<0.6	0.6-0.9	>0.9		
HDL-C/TG			0.07		
	>0.5	0.25-0.5	<0.25		

Test Name	Optimal	Borderline	High Risk	HDL Particles	Notes	Previous Results
-----------	---------	------------	-----------	---------------	-------	------------------

Boston Heart HDL Map® Test^{1,6}

α-1			16.9			
	>45	35-45	<35 mg/dL			
α-2		56.0				
	>65	55-65	<55 mg/dL			
α-3			29.0			
	<20	20-25	>25 mg/dL			
α-4			27.1			
	<20	20-25	>25 mg/dL			
preβ-1		22.3				
	<20	20-25	>25 mg/dL			

Interpretation: This HDL map is **ABNORMAL**. ApoA-1 levels are reduced in the very large alpha-1 particle and increased in the very small preBeta-1 particle, a pattern which is associated with abnormal HDL metabolism and an increased CVD risk.

Consideration: Rule out therapies that may lower alpha-1 levels such as some non-select beta blockers, anabolic steroids, or progestational agents. Rule out secondary causes of dyslipidemia such as thyroid, kidney, or liver disorders. Optimize Triglycerides, sdLDL, ApoB, Glucose, HOMA-IR, Omega-3 Index, consider encouraging increased activity, restriction of refined carbohydrates and if indicated, weight reduction and smoking cessation.

Boston Heart Cholesterol Balance® Test¹

Normalized Value (μmol x 100/mmol of Total Cholesterol)		Normalized Value	Absolute Value	Notes
Production Markers: HIGH				
Lathosterol		210	3.6	
Desmosterol		76	1.4	
Absorption Markers: LOW				
Beta-sitosterol		96	1.9	
Campesterol		126	2.4	
Cholesterol Balance Score (Production/Absorption) 1.7				
Over Absorber				Over Producer

Interpretation: Elevated levels of Lathosterol and Desmosterol may indicate an increased cellular production of cholesterol. Desmosterol accounts for a minor portion (20%) of overall cholesterol production.

Consideration: Consider lifestyle modification and statin therapy.

Notes

Patient	Name: SAMPLE, PATIENT		Provider	Provider: Ordering Provider		Specimen	Accession No:	
	Patient ID:	Gender: F		Account No:	Report Date & Time: 08.01.2017 10:12 AM			

Test Name	Optimal	Borderline	High Risk	Notes	Previous Results
-----------	---------	------------	-----------	-------	------------------

Inflammation Tests

Fibrinogen		375			
	<370	370-470	>470 mg/dL		
hs-CRP		1.9			
	<1.0	1.0-3.0	>3.0 mg/L		
LpPLA₂ Activity		201			
	<180	180-224	≥225 nmol/min/mL		
MPO¹	169				
	<470	470-539	≥540 pmol/L		

Interpretation: BORDERLINE hs-CRP may indicate inflammation and may be associated with increased CVD risk. BORDERLINE LpPLA₂ may indicate vascular inflammation, plaque instability and may be associated with increased CVD risk. Current studies reveal increased risk of stroke when both LpPLA₂ and hs-CRP are elevated. Elevated LpPLA₂ and hs-CRP may indicate arterial wall inflammation, plaque instability and reduced endothelial function.

Consideration: Consider evaluating potential contributing CVD risk factors. Identify and treat underlying causes such as atherogenic lipoproteins and metabolic markers. If indicated, control blood pressure, encourage smoking cessation, and weight reduction.

Metabolic Tests

HbA1c	5.6				
	<5.7	5.7-6.4	>6.4 %		
HOMA-IR			9.4		
	<2	2-3	>3		
Glucose²		114			
	70-99	100-125	<70 or >125 mg/dL		
GSP	196				
	<200	200-250	>250 µmol/L		
Adiponectin¹			2.9		
	>13	9-13	<9 µg/mL		

Test Name	Low	Optimal	High	Notes	Previous Results
Insulin³			33		
	<5	5-15	>15 µU/mL		
C-Peptide³		1.60			
	<1.40	1.40-3.30	>3.30 ng/mL		


Interpretation: BORDERLINE glucose indicates prediabetes as established by the ADA. Prediabetes is a major risk factor for metabolic syndrome and has been associated with increased risk of developing diabetes, hyperlipidemia, hypertension and CVD. HIGH fasting insulin may indicate insulin resistance, obesity or renal insufficiency. Long term elevated levels may lead to diabetes.

Consideration: Consider encouraging dietary modification supported by education and consider glucose lowering and/or insulin sensitizing medications. If indicated encourage weight reduction, smoking cessation, increased activity and control blood pressure.

Patient	Name: SAMPLE, PATIENT		Provider	Provider: Ordering Provider		Specimen	Accession No:	
	Patient ID:	Gender: F		Account No:	Report Date & Time: 08.01.2017 10:12 AM			

Test Name	Test Result	Interpretation	Notes
-----------	-------------	----------------	-------

Genetic Tests by Genotyping^{1,4}

Reported Date: 08.01.17			
 Statin Induced Myopathy (SLC01B1)⁷	T/C	Decreased statin transporter. Patients with a T/C genotype have a decreased ability to transport statins; associated with reduced statin efficacy and up to a 4.5-fold increased risk of developing muscle pain on statin therapy. Consider recommending moderate to low doses of water soluble statins (in order of solubility: pravastatin, pitavastatin, rosuvastatin or fluvastatin).	
Reported Date: 08.01.17			
ApoE	E3/E3	Most common genotype. Consider recommending lifestyle modification and statin therapy.	
Reported Date: 08.01.17			
Clopidogrel Response (CYP2C19)	*1/*1	Normal clopidogrel metabolizer.	

Test Name	Test Result	Interpretation	Notes
-----------	-------------	----------------	-------

Reported Date: 08.01.17			
Factor II	-/-	Normal risk of clot formation.	
Reported Date: 08.01.17			
Factor V Leiden	-/-	Normal risk of clot formation.	
Reported Date: 08.01.17			
MTHFR	677 C/C	677(C/C) genotype – normal folate metabolism. 1298(A/A) genotype – no variant.	
	1298 A/A		

Sample

Patient	Name: SAMPLE, PATIENT		Provider	Provider: Ordering Provider		Specimen	Accession No:	
	Patient ID:	Gender: F		Account No:	Report Date & Time: 08.01.2017 10:12 AM			

Test Name	Optimal	Borderline	High	Interpretation	Notes	Previous Results
-----------	---------	------------	------	----------------	-------	------------------

Boston Heart Fatty Acid Balance™ Test¹

Saturated Fatty Acid Index			35.7	Saturated FA Index is HIGH. Higher levels of plasma saturated fatty acids are associated with an increased risk of CVD. Consider restricting dietary intake of saturated fat by choosing poultry without skin, fish, low fat dairy products, lean cuts of meat, and replacing butter with plant based oils.		
	<30.0	30.0-33.0	>33.0 %			
Trans Fatty Acid Index	0.46			Trans FA Index is OPTIMAL.		
	<0.50	0.50-0.80	>0.80 %			
	Optimal	Borderline	Low			
Monounsaturated Fatty Acid Index	27.9			Monounsaturated FA Index is OPTIMAL.		
	>22.0	19.0-22.0	<19.0 %			
Unsaturated/Saturated Ratio Index			1.95	Unsaturated/Saturated Ratio Index is LOW. A lower Unsaturated/Saturated Ratio Index is associated with a higher LDL-C and increased risk of CVD. Consider increasing intake of plant based fats from nuts, seeds, and their oils along with fatty fish and restrict intake of animal fats like red meat, fatty processed meats, and full fat dairy.		
	>2.25	2.00-2.25	<2.00			
Omega-3 Fatty Acid Index		3.82		Omega-3 FA Index is BORDERLINE. A lower Omega-3 FA index is associated with an increased risk for CVD. Eicosapentaenoic Acid (EPA) level is OPTIMAL. Docosahexaenoic Acid (DHA) level is OPTIMAL. The Omega-3 FA Index is the amount of EPA and DHA divided by total fatty acids. Consider recommending consumption of at least 2-3 meals of oily fish such as salmon, sardines, herring, tuna, and mackerel weekly or a fish oil supplement.		
	>4.50	2.00-4.50	<2.00 %			
EPA	63.7					
DHA	>50.0	15.6-50.0	<15.6 µg/mL			
ALA	>100.0	45.0-100.0	<45.0 µg/mL	Alpha Linolenic Acid (ALA) level is OPTIMAL. Maintain current level of dietary and/or supplemental intake of Omega-3 fatty acids.		
	>30.0	14.0-30.0	<14.0 µg/mL			
	Low	Mid	High			
Omega-6 Fatty Acid Index	30.5			Values are reported according to the lowest, middle and highest thirds of our reference population. Some authorities have recommended a goal below the 10th percentile for the Omega-6/Omega-3 Ratio Index (a value of 9.0) and the AA/EPA Ratio Index (a value of 5.0).		
	<41.0	41.0-46.0	>46.0 %			
Linoleic Acid (LA)			1568.1			
	<825.0	825.0-1040.0	>1040.0 µg/mL			
Arachidonic Acid (AA)	193.9					
	<220.0	220.0-290.0	>290.0 µg/mL			
AA/EPA Ratio Index	3.1					
	<13.0	13.0-25.0	>25.0			
Omega-6/Omega-3 Ratio Index	6.36					
	<15.0	15.0-24.0	>24.0			

Patient	Name: SAMPLE, PATIENT		Provider	Provider: Ordering Provider		Specimen	Accession No:	
	Patient ID:	Gender: F		Account No:	Report Date & Time: 08.01.2017 10:12 AM			

Test Name	Low	Normal	High	Notes	Previous Results
-----------	-----	--------	------	-------	------------------

Chemistry Tests

BUN		18.6			
	<3.0	3.0-25.0	>25.0 mg/dL		
Creatinine		0.89			
	<0.51	0.51-0.95	>.95 mg/dL		
Albumin		5.1			
	<3.5	3.5-5.2	>5.2 g/dL		
Uric Acid		7.8			
	<6	6-10	>10 mg/dL		

Test Name	Optimal	Borderline	High Risk	Notes	Previous Results
-----------	---------	------------	-----------	-------	------------------

Glucose ²		114			
	70-99	100-125	<70 or >125 mg/dL		
AST	19				
	<40	40-120	>120 U/L		
ALT	33				
	<40	40-120	>120 U/L		
Alkaline Phosphatase	38				
	<130	130-200	>200 U/L		

Test Name	Low	Optimal	High	Notes	Previous Results
-----------	-----	---------	------	-------	------------------

Thyroid Tests

TSH		0.89			
	<0.27	0.27-4.2	>4.2 µIU/mL		
Total T4		7.7			
	<4.5	4.5-11.7	>11.7 µg/dL		
Free T4			2.50		
	<0.93	0.93-1.70	>1.70 ng/dL		
Total T3		1.0			
	<0.8	0.8-2.0	>2.0 ng/mL		
Free T3		2.8			
	<2.0	2.0-4.4	>4.4 pg/mL		

Test Name	Low	Normal	High	Notes	Previous Results
-----------	-----	--------	------	-------	------------------

Other Kidney Tests

Cystatin C	1.10				
	<=1.20		>1.20 mg/L		
BUN/Creatinine	20.9				
	<=23		>23		
eGFR / Non-African American	77			8	
	>60	30-60	<30 mL/min/1.73 m ²		
eGFR / African American	89			8	
	>60	30-60	<30 mL/min/1.73 m ²		
eGFR / Cystatin C	67.00			8	
	>60	30-60	<30 mL/min /1.73m ²		

Muscle Tests

Creatine Kinase (CK)	155				
	<200	200-1000	>1000 U/L		
NT-proBNP	24				
	<125	125-450	>450 pg/mL		
Test Name	Low	Mid	High	Notes	Previous Results

Other Tests

Vitamin D, 25-OH	18				
	<30	30-100	>100 ng/mL		
Homocysteine	7.0				
	<10	10-14	>14 µmol/L		
CoQ10 ¹			0.68	6	
	>1.40	0.70-1.40	<0.70 mg/L		
Test Name	Optimal	Borderline	High	Notes	Previous Results

Patient	Name: SAMPLE, PATIENT		Provider	Provider: Ordering Provider		Specimen	Accession No:	
	Patient ID:	Gender: F		Account No:	Report Date & Time: 08.01.2017 10:12 AM			

Test Name 08.01.2017 (Current)

Other Kidney Tests

Cystatin C	1.10
BUN/Creatinine	20.9
eGFR / Non-African American	77
eGFR / African American	89
eGFR / Cystatin C	67.00

Muscle Tests

Creatine Kinase (CK)	155
NT-proBNP	24

Thyroid Tests

TSH	0.89
Total T4	7.7
Free T4	2.50
Total T3	1.0
Free T3	2.8

Other Tests

Vitamin D, 25-OH	18
Homocysteine	7.0
CoQ10 ¹	0.68

Female Hormone Tests

Estradiol	<25.0
Progesterone	0.20
LH	13.1
FSH	21.6
SHBG	24.3
Total Testosterone	11.3
Free Testosterone	2.2
DHEA-S	159.9

Patient	Name: SAMPLE, PATIENT		Provider	Provider: Ordering Provider		Specimen	Accession No:	
	Patient ID:	Gender: F		Account No:	Report Date & Time: 08.01.2017 10:12 AM			

Notes

Footnotes

The intended use of this report is to provide an aid in the physician's treatment decisions. This report is intended for a physician or other qualified health care provider. Please consult with your physician regarding any questions.

- This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Boston Heart Diagnostics. It has not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The FDA has determined that such clearance is not necessary. This test is used for clinical purposes. It should not be regarded as investigational or for research. Methods: HDL Map: Gel electrophoresis; Cholesterol Balance and Fatty Acid Balance: GC/MS; MPO: Immunoturbidometric; CoQ10: UPLC; sdLDL-C: Enzymatic colorimetric; Adiponectin: Latex turbidimetric immunoassay; LDL-P: NMR.
- A fasting glucose level of >125 mg/dL indicates the presence of diabetes mellitus, and a fasting glucose level of <70 mg/dL indicates hypoglycemia.
- A test result in the low range is normal in a non-diabetic, but low if a patient has diabetes (consistent with diabetes).
- Genetic analysis is performed by real time Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) using TaqMan® probes. Amplified gene nucleotide sites: APOE - Apolipoprotein E, T471C rs429358, C609T rs7412; F5 - Coagulation Factor V, G1746A rs6025; F2 - Coagulation Factor 2, G20210A rs1799963; CYP2C19 (Clopidogrel response) -Cytochrome P450 2C19, G681A rs4244275, G636A rs4986893, C-806T rs12248560; SLC01B1 (Statin Myopathy) - Solute Carrier Organic Anion Transporter Family, Member 1B1, T625C rs4149056. MTHFR - Methylene tetrahydrofolate reductase, C677T rs1801133, A1298C rs1801131. Limitations: Other rare mutations not detected by these assays may be present in some individuals.
- Test performed at 175 Crossing Boulevard, Framingham, MA 01702. CLIA#: 22D1083041. NYSDOH: 8729.
- Other significant risk factors for statin induced myopathy include age > 65 years, female gender, diabetes, physical activity, creatinine levels > 1.0 mg/dL, hypothyroidism, and use of calcium channel blockers and amiodarone.
- When there is substantial disagreement between eGFR values calculated from Creatinine versus Cystatin C, we recommend use of the eGFR calculated from Cystatin C as the most accurate measure of kidney function.

* Tests performed with alternative methodologies are not displayed for comparative purposes.
 ● = Critical Value, ▲ = Alert Value, TNP = Test Not Performed, PEND = Test Result Pending, GSP = Glycated Serum Protein, ADA = American Diabetes Association

©2017 Boston Heart Diagnostics Corporation. All rights reserved. The Boston Heart Diagnostics logo, Boston Heart HDL Map, Boston Heart Cholesterol Balance, Boston Heart Prediabetes Assessment, and Boston Heart Fatty Acid Balance are trademarks or registered trademarks of Boston Heart Diagnostics Corporation. TaqMan® is a registered trademark of Roche Molecular Systems, Inc.

